United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit



APPELLANT'S APPENDIX

74-1583

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE SECOND CIRCUIT

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Appellee,

-against-

VINCENT ROLLINS,

Appellant.

Docket No. 74-1583

APPENDIX TO APPELLANT'S BRIEF

ON APPEAL FROM A JUDGMENT OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK



WILLIAM J. GALLAGHER, ESQ., THE LEGAL AID SOCIETY, Attorney for Appellant

FEDERAL DEFENDER SERVICES UNIT 606 United States Court House Foley Square New York, New York 10007 (212) 732-2971

WILLIAM EPSTEIN,
Of Counsel

PAGINATION AS IN ORIGINAL COPY

CKET JUDGE TYLER

CRIMINAL DOCKET UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

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| TITLE OF CASE | | | | ATTORNETS | | | | | |
| THE UNITED STATES | | | | | For U. 3.: | | | | |
| | | vs. | | <u>. </u> | | Dean C. Rohrer, AUSA | | | |
| | VINCEN | T ROLLINS | | | | Dean C. Ko | MILEL, AUSA | | |
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| | | | | For Defendant: | | | | | |
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| STATISTICAL RECORD | | COSTS | | DATE | NAME OR RECEIPT NO. | REC. | Dist. | | |
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| MeltationX | Comp.#72-1133 | Docket fee | ļ | | | | | | |
| Title 2 | J | | <u> </u> | | | | | | |
| Sec. 812. | 841(a)(1)841(b) | (L) (A) | | | <u> </u> | | | | |
| Possess W | ith intent to | | <u> </u> | | 1 | | <u> </u> | | |
| distribut | e heroin, I. | | | + | | | | | |
| | | | | <u> </u> | | | | | |
| | two counts | <u> </u> | 1 | <u> </u> | 1 | <u> </u> | 1 | I | |
| 4-28-72 | Filed Indiator | | F | ROCEEL | TNGS | | | | |
| | | | - | | | | | | |
| _ 5-8-72 | Robert Kasanof, Esq, -Assigned as Atty. under C.J.A. by Magistrero Murray Mogel of counsel. Adjd. to 5-15-72 Ryan, J. | | | | | | | | |
| 5-15-72 | Pleads not gu | ilty - Bail c | ent | 'd (\$ | 5,000 P | .R.B.) Mot | Lionr ret | in | |
| | | CROAKE, J | | | | | | | |
| 0-13-72 | -13-72 Atty. present) Deft. not present) Motion by deft's attorney to | | | | | | | | |
| | indictmentChanted, pursuant to Rules of the Second Circuit (subdivisor 4 & 5 of the year 19/1 as amended. Re: "Prompt dispose | | | | | | | | |
| | | nd Rule 48 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedura. | | | | | | | |
| | - | ····· | 0 | NLY | COPY | AVAILABL | ETyler, J | • | |
| 11-10-72 | Filed affiday | Lt and Order to snow Cause: why an Order should not 1. | | | | | | | |
| | entered extending its time to appeal the decesion of the Court of Cotober 13, 1972, pursuant to Rule 4(b) of the Federal Rules of | | | | | | | | |
| | Itmallera Dre | and from from a | 31.0 | | | | | | |

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| DATE | PROCEEDINGS |
| _11-6-72 | Filed motion by Govt. for an order reinstating the indictement - ret. 11-13-72 |
| 11-6-72 | Filed memorandum of law by Govt. in support of above motion |
| 11-13-72 | Filed memo endorsed on Govts motion to reinstate indictement. Motion denied |
| | So ordered Tyler, J. |
| 11-13-72 | Filed notice of appeal by Cout for him to the Cout |
| | Filed notice of appeal by Govt. from both the Oct. 13, 1972 order of Judge Tyler dismissing indictement in this matter, and the Nov. 13, 1972 order of Judge Tyler, |
| | on the motion for reconsideration of that decision (copies mailed to deft. and US |
| | Atty's Office) |
| 72-/3-72 | Transcript of record of proceedings, dates // |
| 12-13-72 | A A Transcript of record of proceedings, cold (1997) |
| 12-13-72 | A A Aranscript of record of proceedings, and 3 // / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / |
| | |
| 12-19-72 | Filed stipulation an exhibit necessary for determing the appeal. |
| 75 70 55 | |
| | When Transcript of record of proceedings, daish 10.5.) 2 |
| 12-14-72 | Billed Transcript of record of promotings, dains 17-13-72 |
| | |
| 12-13-12 | Tiled Transcript of growed of growedings, duied. 10 - 13-72 |
| 12-21-72 | Vincent Rollins-Filed notice that the record on appeal has been certifi |
| | and transmitted to the U.S.C.A. |
| 4-27-73 | Rollins-Filed true copy of C.A. order (with opinion attached) that the |
| | be remanded to the district Court. |
| 5-21:-73 | |
| 2-211-13 | Filed affdvt. of Dean C. Rohrer, Esq. in response to the May 15, 1973 affdvt, of |
| | defendants counsel, Murray Mogel, Esq. |
| 6-13-73 | Filed Opinion # 39556- The charges contained in Indictment 72 cr 509 must be disaissed |
| | So Ordered-Tyler, J. mailed notices. |
| 6-13-73 | VINCENT ROLLINS-Filed deft's memorandum of law. |
| | |
| 5-13-73 | VINCENT ROLLINS-Filed affdyt of M.Hogel in support of motion to dismiss. |
| 6-13-73 | VINCENT ROLLING-Filed affdyt of S.A.Schaffer in opposition to motion to dismiss. |
| | |
| 7-12-73 | Titled Transcript of record of proceedings, dated: MAY 3, 1973. |
| 7-12-73 | Filled Covt's notice of appeal from the order of Judge Tyler as entered June 13, 1979 |
| 7-13-73 | |
| 12:3-13 | Filed notice to the docket clerk that the record on appeal has been certified and transmitted to the U.S.C.A. on 7-13-73. |
| 3 6 | |
| 1-3-74 | Filed judgment from U.S.C.A. for the Second Circuit, Grder of S.D.N.Y. |
| * | to reversed and action remended to said District Court for further proceeding. A. DANIEL FUSARO, Clerk, U.S.C.A. |
| | M. DAMESE POSARO, CIEFR, U.S.C.A. |
| | |

| 12 0 | Wy |
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| D:TM | PROCEEDINGS |
| 2/7/74 | Filed Ex Parte application for subposses and order under Rule 175 FRCorp. Tyler, J. wa |
| 2/8/74 | Filed Mono-End, on letter dtd 2/6/76. Upon the appeared submission dtd 2-6-74 or counsel for the deft, the trial of this action is ddj'd to 3/18/74 or as soon there-after as this court can reach the ease. Tyler, J. wh |
| 3/20/74 | Filed doft's V. Rollins waiver of trial by jury. Tyler, J. |
| 4/26/74 | Filed JUDGMENT (atty present) It is edj. that threeach of counts one and two the deft is placed in custody of the Atty Gen. for imprisonment for a period of TWO (2) YEARS on each count to be served CONCURRENTLY with each other. It is adjudged that the exectuion of sentence is SUSPENDED and the deft is placed on Probation for a period of MIVE (5) YEARS subject to the stand probation order of the Count. Probation is to commence immediately and is not stayed pending appears. |
| | //29/74_Issued_copies TYLER, J |
| 4/29/74 | Filed notice of appeal from judgment dtd 4/26/74. Leave to file appeal in forma pauponis is granted. Tyler, J. mailed copies. |
| 5/16/74 | Filed transcript of record of proceedings dated 1/15/74 |
| 5/16/74 | Filed transcript of record of proceedings dated 1/31/74 |
| 5/16/74 | Filed transcript of record of proceedings dated 3/16/74 |
| 5/16/74 | Filed transcript of record of proceedings dated 4/26/74 |
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USA-33s-527 - IND/INF - DISTRIB. POSSES NARC. DRUG Ed. 5-10-71

DCR:rs 72-1133

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

72 CMM. 509

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

-v-

INDICTMENT

72 Cr.

:

VINCENT ROLLINS,

Defendant



The Grand Jury charges:

On or about the 2nd day of November, 1971, in the Southern District of New York

VINCENT ROLLINS,

intentionally wilfully, wilfully, wilfully, wilfully, and knowingly did distribute and possess with intent to distribute a Schedule I narcotic drug controlled substance, to wit, approximately 8.1 grams of heroin.

MICROFILM APR 2.3 1972

(Title 21, United States Code, Sections 312, 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(A).)

USA-33s-527A - IND/INF - Distrib. Possess Narc. Drug (Succeeding Count)

DCR:rs 72-1133

SECOND COUNT

The Grand Jury further charges:

On or about the 25th day of January, 1972, in the Southern District of New York,

VINCENT ROLLINS,

intentionally
, unlawfully, withcoby and knowingly did
distribute and possess with intent to distribute a
Schedule I narcotic drug controlled substance, to wit,
approximately 11.28 grams of heroin.

(Title 21, United States Code, Sections 812, 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(A).)

Foreman /

WHITNEY NORTH SEYMOUR, JR.

United States Attorney

THE JUDGE'S FINDINGS ON THE ISSUE OF OFFICER MARTINEZ'S COMPETENCY

a witness with recollection of the facts.

I therefore respectfully submit that there is insufficient evidence for a trier of fact to make a determination beyond a reasonable doubt of guilt.

demeanor and responses to the questions placed to him on direct and cross and as well by the judge indicated that it is true without refreshing his recollection as to the events which took place over two years ago was very difficult, if not impossible for him, but the same was true with respect to Detective LaBriola, who admitted that he wasn't too clear on anyof the dates, the hours and the details without refreshing his recollection by reading his reports.

Not only that, not only is it true that Agent

Martinez, or I should say Patrolman Martinez conceded he

was unable to segregate out so much of what he was testifying

as being based squarely on his reports as considered and

compared with his memory, but I thought that was an honest

answer which is generally true with most witnesses in

these and other cases in courts like this.

Second of all, although he did complain of repetitive episodes of vertigo continuing right up to his most recent this morning, apparently from his own

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testimony, they did not last very long and he stated unequivocally and rather forcefully as I remember it, in no circumstances did he ever see any indication that he had been suffering from something approaching amnesia as a result of his injuries on July 20, 1973 in the offices of the Joint Drug Task Force at 201 Varick Street.

Now, it is true, of course, and I think it should be observed to you and your client particularly in all fairness that there were certain details about which he was a little hazy but that falls far short of the mark of establishing to me that his testimony was parrot-like or for any other reason incompetent.

I think as I see it, we have nothing more or less than the usual credibility question plus the usual problem where you have events going back more than two years which might raise the question of whether or not he really has as good a memory of these events as the government would like to argue that he does.

But to ascribe this to falling so far short of
the mark as to render the situation one were your client is
not able to confront the witnesses against him, I don't
think that is even a close question. Put differently,
I don't think it is even a close question as to his
competence to testify.

rkbr 1 111 He is an unusually alert and articulate witness and 2 I think his candor, perhaps, was perhaps more in his favor than 3 against him, but that doesn't mean that we have anything other than an ordinary garden variety recollection problem 5 and credibility problem which I am going to consider, 6 I trust when it comes to deciding this case. 7 The motion for a directed acquittal is denied on 8 the other ground that I believe the government under the 9 higher standards required by this circuit, has made a 10 sufficient showing. 11

MR.MOGUL: The defense calls Vincent Rollins.

V I N C E N T R O L L I N S, the defendant herein,

called in his own behalf, being first duly sworn,

testified as follows:

DIRECT EXAMINATION

BY MR. MOGUL:

- Q Mr. Rollins, what is your date of birth?
- A August 5, 1934.
 - Q Where were you born?
- A Chicago, Illinois.
 - THE COURT: Where were you born?
- 23 THE WITNESS: Chicago, Illinois.
 - Q What was the extent of your education in Chicago?
 - A little over two and a half years of college.

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THE JUDGE'S FINDINGS ON THE ISSUES
OF GUILT

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2 stated before?

MR. MOGUL: Of entrapment.

THE COURT: Now on the issue of entrapment?

MR. MOGUL: Yes, your Honor, and that the issue

I submit has been raised. There has been no evidence

presented by the government that could lead a trier of

fact to believe that there was a predisposition to commit

the crimes alleged in the indictment.

THE COURT: I am sorry, but I disagree.

In October of 1971 when Vincent Rollins was about 37 years of age, I believe as he himself conceded on the stand, the first transaction took place as alleged in Count 1 of this indictment and that the testimony of the agents as he himself admitted was substantially correct.

Further than that, I do not believe him when he says that Flocco made a great specific to do about being an addict and being in trouble and needing help. I think all that happened was, the person known as Mike who was a co-venturer with Vincent Rollins and Vincent Rollins discussed a sale and there was no great stress upon the question of whether or not Mr. Flocco as detective or Patrolman Martinez was known in his undercover capacity in this case.

I don't think these are the kind of matters that

I also do not believe the defendant when he

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were discussed on the street nor were they discussed when the three of them went to the apartment at 747 Melrose Avenue

4 on November 2nd.

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says contrary to what the two police officers said that

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he left his car, or I should say the two police officers,

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Detective LaBriola said that he, Rollins left his red Volkswagen and went to the outside vestibule or hallway

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of this building located at 2021 Lexington Avenue.

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Put more precisely, I agree with LaBriola that the defendant

Further than that, when the two men, that is, the

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did go there and stand in the hallway. He did not, as he

defendant and Mike returned, drove back to 747 Melrose,

as testified to by Patrolman Martinez, in large measure

admittedly from his reports which he used to refresh his

three men went into the kitchen. The package was delivered

to Martinez at that point. Mike handed Vince the pack-

age and told Vince to give the package to Martinez which

recollection. Nevertheless, I find specifically as

Martinez said and contrary to what Rollins said, all

I accept the version of what went on inside the apartment

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himself Rollins testified, stand near his car.

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Vince did.

Inside the kitchen Martinez looked at the

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package, made sure it contained a white powder and then handed not to Rollins as admittedly but to Mike \$450 in cash.

This testmony in essential outline, albeit not the details as to what went on inside apartment 58 at 747 Melrose were substantially verified or corroborated by the surveilling witness.

Second of all, in regard to the sale charged in Count 2, again I substantially believe Patrolman Martinez operating undercover and Detective LaBriola as the surveilling agent and I believe them partly because Vincent Rollins even admitted that their version of what went on on January 25, 1972 was substantially correct.

In this particular transaction, I find that
Rollins delivered in his Volkswagen a package containing
about 11 grams plus of cocaine of purity less than
the purity of that in the first delivery of 1/2 ounce.

MR. NESLAND: I believe your Honor misspoke.

It is heroin, rather than cocaine.

THE COURT: Excuse me, heroin in excess of 11 grams net weight, of a purity of about 27 percentile, whereas as the stipulation shows, the purity of the first delivery of a smaller amount was about 45 per cent.

Now, in both of these transactions, I am convinced

beyond a reasonable doubt that Vincent Rollins knew what he was doing, that he had a predisposition to traffic in heroin hydrochloride and that he was by no means entrapped by any excessive entreaties or other misconduct or pressure or coercion on the part of the undercover agent or the informer.

I am satisfied by this as I have already said by his own admissions, by his own confusing and confused testimony which he gave on direct and cross examination here today.

It is a tragic situation because this Court infers that Vincent Rollins is an intelligent man, but he was unfortunately caught red handed. He was supplementing his income, although we do not know the details of how he and Mike on the first deal and he and either Mike or some person unknown to the Court and to counsel, but surely, he shared in the proceeds and that was his expectation at the very least.

There is mo serious grounds for even maintaining a plausible, let alone credible argument of entrapment in this case whatsoever.

It is true that the agents due to the long passage of time since the events in question had to refresh themselves from their reports. That I do not deny. That was made abundantly clear by particularly defense counsel

in his cross examination in this case, but that to me is perfectly understandable if anyone has any doubts as to how this Judge acting for this Court came to this conclusion,

I point again to the sad but pointed admissions of Mr.

Rollins that the versions of the agents were pretty much correct as far as they went.

That being so, one cannot under any stretch of the imagination condemn the agents out of hand for being totally forgetful or in the case of Agent Martinez, because of his accident in his office on July 20, 1973 being an incompetent witness which I have already found that he was not.

A couple of other matters: There is, of course, the testimony which came in perfectly understandable in human terms from the friends of Vincent Rollins. I have no difficulty at all in finding the testimony of Miss Elinor Carter and Mr. Mario Disdiel, whose testimony was of no consequence because he himself admitted he never received any telephone call from a man holding himself out as Flocco and therefore his testimony which is vague in the extreme, to put it kindly, was absolutely a nullity as far as persuading this Court of anything whatsoever having to do with this case.

In regard to Miss Carter, I can only say that

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she is mistaken. I do not wish to condemn her out of hand as being a prevaricator. I believe that love and the passage of time and the recitation of the possible defenses here have colored her recollections to the point of making her testimony unworthy of belief or at least of any persuasive force.

That leaves us with the testimony of Stephen

DiLucca, an attractive young man of tender years who

despite the fact he is now eighteen has been an enlisted

seaman in the United States Navy for at least a year or more.

It is true that he recalls a number of telephone conversations. He claims that the calls came in six or seven

times a week in October, November alone from a man holding

himself out as Flocco.

I can only say that Stephen DiLucca is in my judgment sadly mistaken. It is incredible on its face that Flocco would have called that many times during that period. There was no need to from the very thrust of what was going on in this case by the admission of virtually all the witnesses who knew, namely the two agents and Mr. Rollins.

Passing that, I can only credit his mistaken testimony to an understandable long after the event constructed series of events geared to the defense which

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Rollins quite understandably chose to bring to this case and though I do not think that Mr. DiLucca came in here and consciously and wilfully lied, I think his memory of events is totally unpersuasive and has been colored by the trial preparations in this case and is colored by his loyalty to Vincent Rollins who after all he almost certainly regarded as a very nice man and understandably so.

Therefore, the case in chief of the government has proved beyond a reasonable doubt in respect to both counts. The entrapment defense is wholly unsupported by any credible evidence or any realistic appraisal of what was going on in the days in question.

If you will please rise, Vincent Rollins. This

Court finds you guilty as charged of Counts 1 and 2 of

this indictment. I fix sentence for April 26, 1974 in

Courtroom 128 of this building at 2:15 o'clock on that day.

Is there any specific finding that you feel

I have left out, Mr. Nesland that pursuant to the rules

I didn't ask the defense?

I feel it is my duty to make findings in cases of this kind without being asked even though the rules say otherwise. You know the rule I am talking about. Have I overlooked something or misstated anything else in your judgment?

THE JUDGE'S SUPPLEMENTARY FINDINGS
ON THE ISSUE OF OFFICER MARTINEZ'S COMPETENCY

appeal.

proceed without prejudice, of course, to his rights of

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MR. MOGEL: Your Honor, one more matter regarding the appeal. At the conclusion of the trial, there was still open the issue of the competency of the Government's witness. Patrolman Martinez, who had sustained a head injury. As

your Honor will recollect, I moved for his examination and that was denied. Your Honor directed the Government to keep me advised of the medical progress of Patrolman Martinez.

Mr. Nesland has represented to me that nothing has changed, that Patrolman Martinez, I believe, will return at some future time to the Columbia Presbyterian Medical Center for additional tests. But at this point the situation stands as it was then.

THE COURT: Then, on that basis --

MB. NESLAND: Your Honor, with respect to that, I cannot represent he is going to return for additional tests. My information from Mr. Martinez is he is going to return to get some pills that had previously been given to him hy one of the doctors there.

THE COURT: Well, suffice it for me to rule flatly that based upon my examination of all of the documentary ovidence and viewing his demeanor and hearing what he had to say on direct and cross at our trial, I have no hesitation

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